

Homework Assignment 6

CS 273 Introduction to Theoretical Computer Science
Fall Semester, 2002

Due: Friday, Dec. 13, at noon.

This is an individual homework. Please staple your homework in four pairs: (1), (2), (3 and 4), (5 and 6). Hand in each of them to the corresponding stack. Check the web page for the final location to hand in the assignment.

- For each of the following, prove whether or not the set G with the specified operation represents a group.
 - $G = \mathbb{C}$, the set of complex numbers, and the operation is standard addition of complex numbers.
 - $G = \mathbb{C}$, the set of complex numbers, and the operation is standard multiplication of complex numbers.
- Follow the same instructions as for the previous problem.
 - G is the set of all binary strings of length 5, and the operation is bitwise exclusive or (XOR).
 - G is the set of all 2×2 matrices of the form $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$ such that $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}$ and $ad - bc \neq 0$, and the operation is matrix multiplication.
- Prove that if every element of a group, G , is equal to its own inverse, then G is an Abelian (commutative) group.
- Let $G = \{a + b\sqrt{2} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Q}\}$, in which \mathbb{Q} is the set of all rational numbers. Prove that G is a subgroup of \mathbb{R} under the operation of addition.
- Consider the group \mathbb{Z}_{12} (mod 12 addition on the integers).
 - Give the inverse of every element.
 - Find all of the generators.
 - Determine the order of each element of the group.
- Consider the following permutation
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 7 & 6 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}.$$
 - Find all of its orbits.
 - Express the permutation as a product of 2-cycles.